

Implementing the Norwegian COPD pilot: Lessons Learned and Success factors for future Scale-up

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Rune Fensli

Professor/Research Manager
Centre of eHealth and Health Care Technology
University of Agder
N-4898 Grimstad, Norway
Phone: +47 37 23 30 00/ +47 913 05 222
e-mail: rune.fensli@uia.no

Outline

- The underlying deployment principles for the Norwegian trials
- The Norwegian Health Care Reform, 2012
- Point-of-Care Services for COPD – ICT solutions
- Participatory design involving end-users/ Usability evaluations
- Lessons learned /Critical Success Factors:
 - Strategy and Management (SIG 1)
 - Organization and Change Management (SIG 2)
 - Legal, Regulatory and Security Issues (SIG 3)
 - Technical Infrastructure and Market Regulations (SIG 4)
- Experiences from test-period with patients
 - Test patient's experiences
 - Scaling up challenges
 - Research plans and Plans for future deployment

The Agder Region in Norway



- Population: 292 225 inhabitants
- Area: 16 493 km²
- 2 Counties
- 30 Municipalities
 - Smallest: Bykle – 929 inhabitants
 - Largest: Kristiansand – 84.476 inhabit.
 - Coastline with high population density
 - Inland/mountains as rural areas

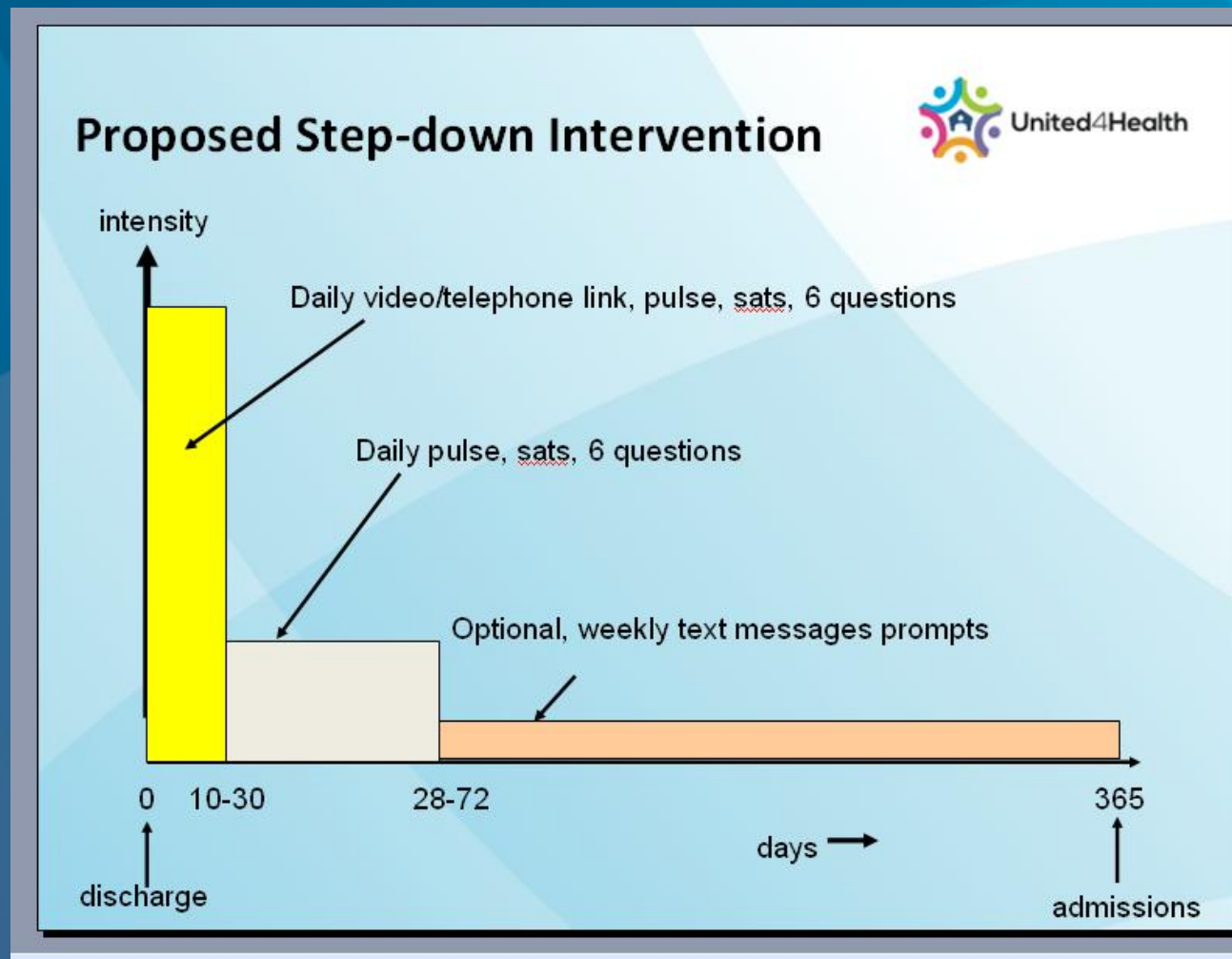
Underlying principles

- Adapting new COPD follow-up in existing health care services according to the Norwegian regulations
- Establishing clinical procedures in collaboration between
 - Hospital – Municipality health care services – General Practitioner
- Revising the Patient Treatment Flow Procedures
- Shared access to medical information according to legal requirements and security policies
- Implementing new technology into existing infrastructure within the secured Norwegian Health Network

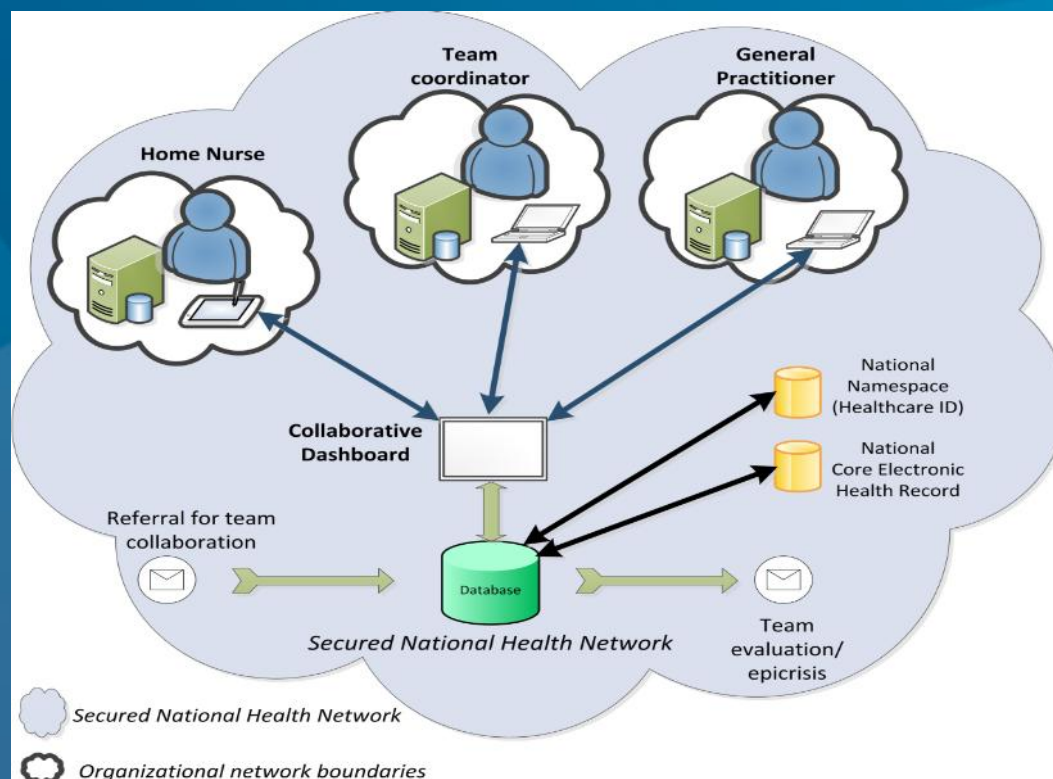
The Norwegian Health Care Reform (from 2012)

- Reorganization of the Norwegian health care services
 - Governmental report “The Coordination Reform” no 47 (2008-2009)
- After hospital discharge:
 - Patient follow-up by General Practitioner and the municipality home health care services
 - *“Proper treatment - at the right place and right time”*
 - Hospital specialist competence will assist when needed
- Information exchange based on electronic messages
 - Dedicated Norwegian standard specifications

COPD Research Protocol



Treatment Pathway Health Record

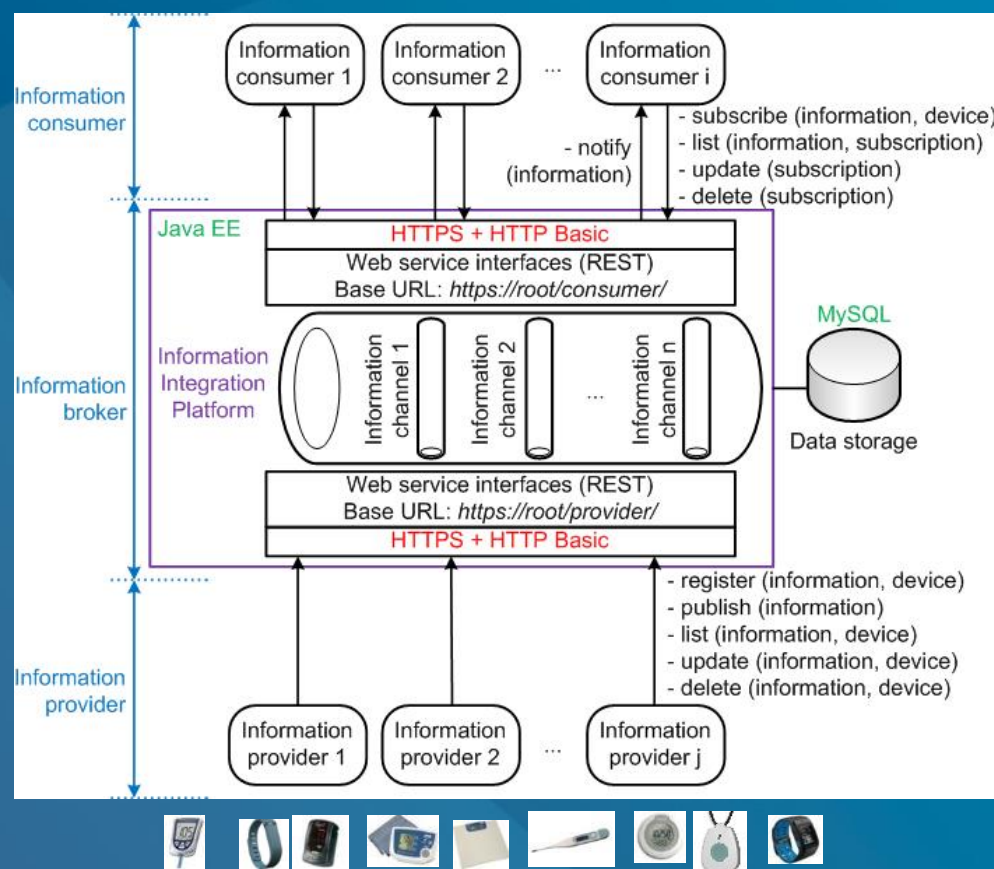


Fensli R, Holen-Rabbersvik E, Thygesen, E. Shared Access to Electronic Health records for Inter-organizational Care Teams using a Treatment Pathway Health Record. A case study. BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making, (accepted for publication).

- Based on the Norwegian Coordination Reform
- Developed in research projects at University of Agder
- Shared access according to legal regulations from 01.01-2015

Information Integration Portal

- Open integration of TeleHealth and TeleCare devices

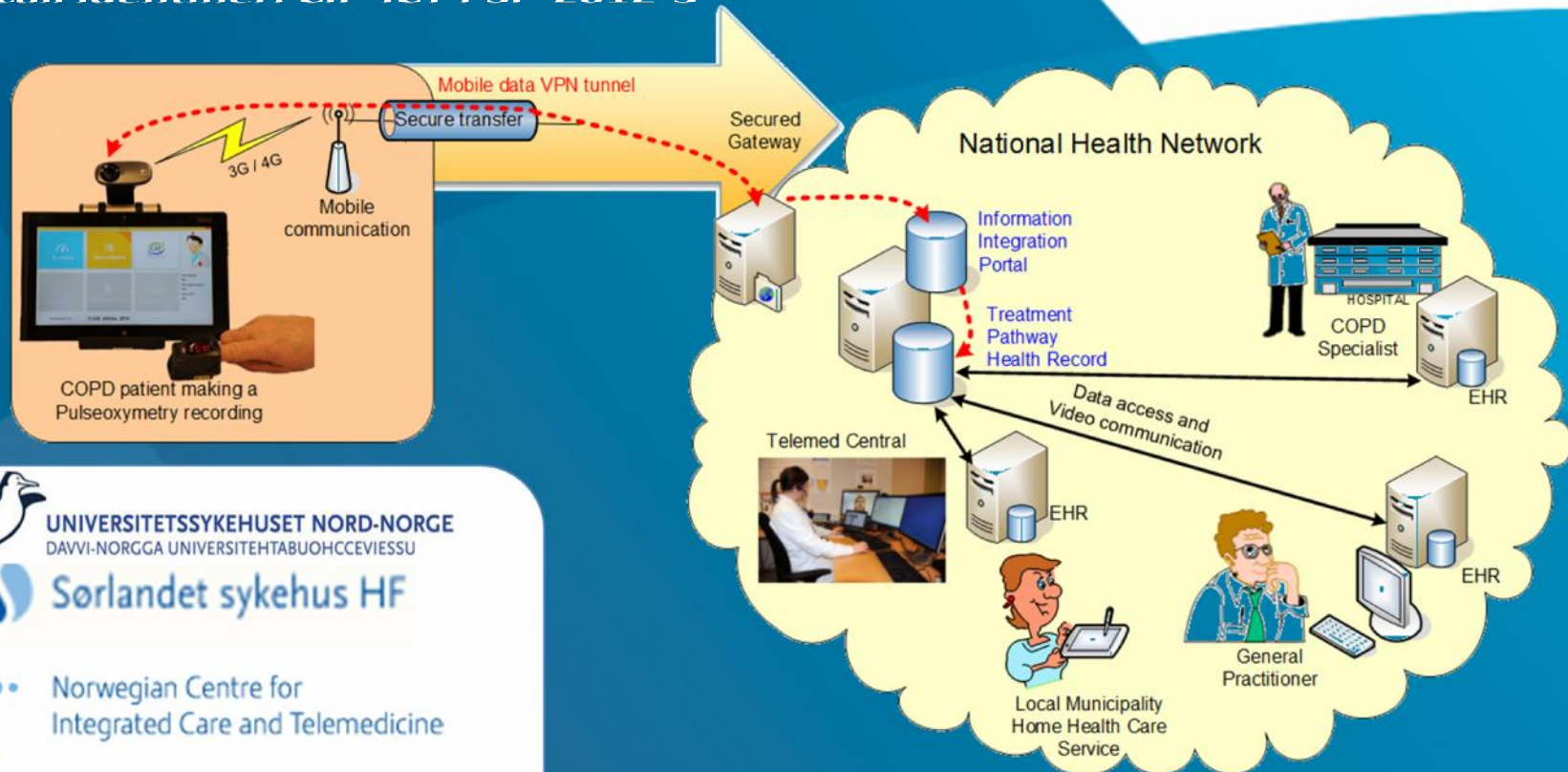


Developed by
University of
Agder

UNiversal solutions in Telemedicine

Deployment for European HEALTH care, 2013-2015

ICT PSP call identifier: CIP-ICT PSP-2012-3



- Point-of-Care Services Agder.
 - Sub-Project financed by the Research Council of Norway, 2013-15
- eHealth – Extended Care Coordination.
 - Synergy Project financed by the Agder Research Fund, 2011-2014

System Requirements

...derived from the target use cases:

- Daily patient questionnaire on individual condition
- Daily measurements of certain health data (pulse, SpO2, optional:spirometry)
- Anonymized and encrypted transmission of data to treatment pathway healthcare platform; considering specific Norwegian requirement to securely connect to NHN via VPN (supported by mobile operator with dedicated APN)
- Overview of latest status of patients under remote supervision
- Follow-up support for healthcare personnel by *Triage*: status-calculation in three levels – ok (green), attention (yellow), critical (red)
- Detailed health condition data accessible per patient, incl. history throughout trial participation time (30 days)
- Video consultation (patient ↔ telemedicine center) and conference (involving hospital specialist or GP on demand)

Patient Tablet



Tablet running on
Windows 8.1 Pro

Based on security
requirements

Daily Questionnaire

Q1: How Do you feel today?

- ☐ As usual
- ☐ Worse
- ☐ Much worse

Previous

Next

Review your answers!

Q5: Are you using rescue medication/nebulizer or oxygen today? *As usual*

Q6a: Have you started up with additional antibiotics after last discharge? *Yes* *Apocillin / Penicillin*

Q7a: Have you started up with new Prednisolon after last discharge? *Yes* *30mg*


Previous

Reset
Questionnaire

Send

v1.21b **Cancel**

Daily Measurements


Ny måling

1- Press "Start measurement!"
2- Put the pulseoxymeter on your finger. It starts automatically.

Start measurement!

Spo2

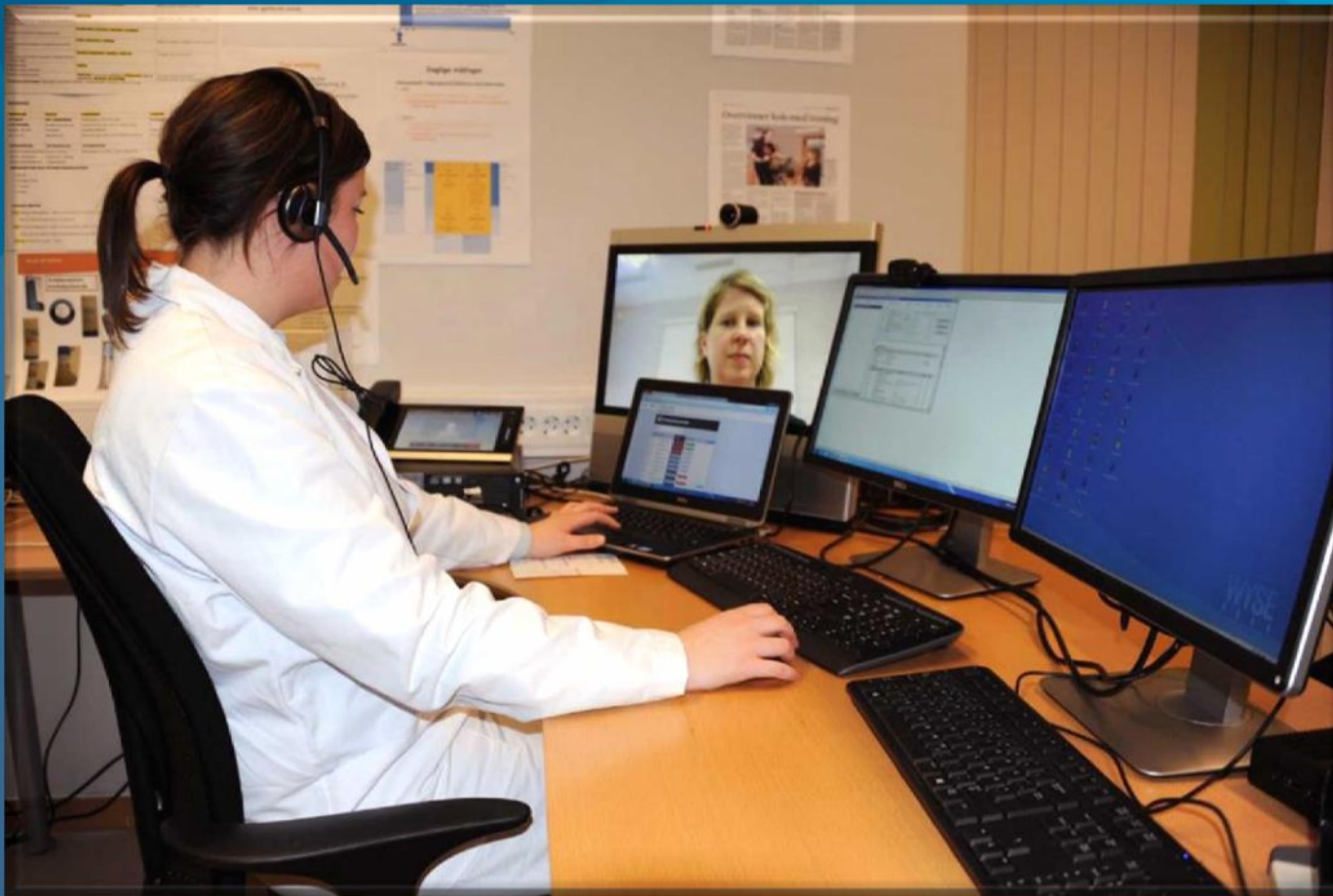
Pulse

Wireless transfer of
measured values

v1.21b

Telemedical Central

- First Pilot installation at Municipality of Kristiansand



Treatment Pathway Health Record

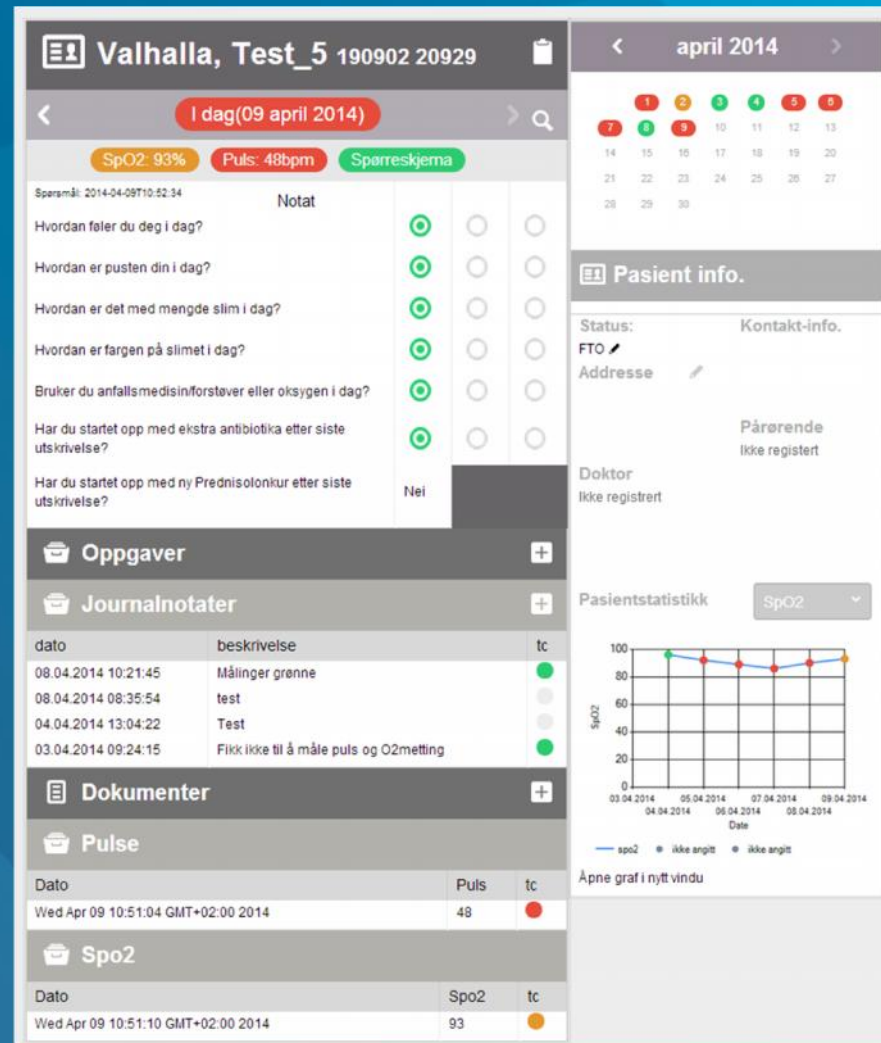
- Overview of today's patient reports, and of "history"
- Colour-coded Triage based on the reported values from the patients

Pasientoversikt				
søk <input type="text"/>				
Status	Navn	I dag ^v	Historikk	Oppgaver
FTO	✓ Valhalla, Test_5	09.04.2014	08.04.2014	
FTO	✓ Valhalla, Test_3	09.04.2014	08.04.2014	
FTO	✓ Testpasient, UiA_tablet_0001	09.04.2014	08.04.2014	
FTO	world, hello	09.04.2014	08.04.2014	
FTO	✓ Valhalla, Test_4	09.04.2014	07.04.2014	
FTO	✓ Valhalla, Test_2	09.04.2014	02.04.2014	
FTO	✓ Valhalla, Test_1	09.04.2014	25.03.2014	
FTO	✓ U4H@Tromsø, UNN8800001	09.04.2014	08.04.2014	
FTO	✓ Testpasient, UiA_tablet_0004	09.04.2014	14.03.2014	1 oppg.
FTO	✓ Testpasient, UiA_tablet_0002	09.04.2014	03.04.2014	
FTO	✓ Smarthus, Harald (UiA_tablet_0003)	09.04.2014	06.03.2014	2 oppg.
FTO	på oppretter, Test riktig userid	09.04.2014	05.03.2014	
FTO	COPD, COP	09.04.2014	08.04.2014	
FTO	✓ ATest_jrp, ATest_jrp	09.04.2014	28.03.2014	

Patient's Detailed Information



- Gives an overview of Pulse + SPO2 and answers from the daily questionnaire
- Trend curves
- Journal notes can be written, important documentation of actions taken

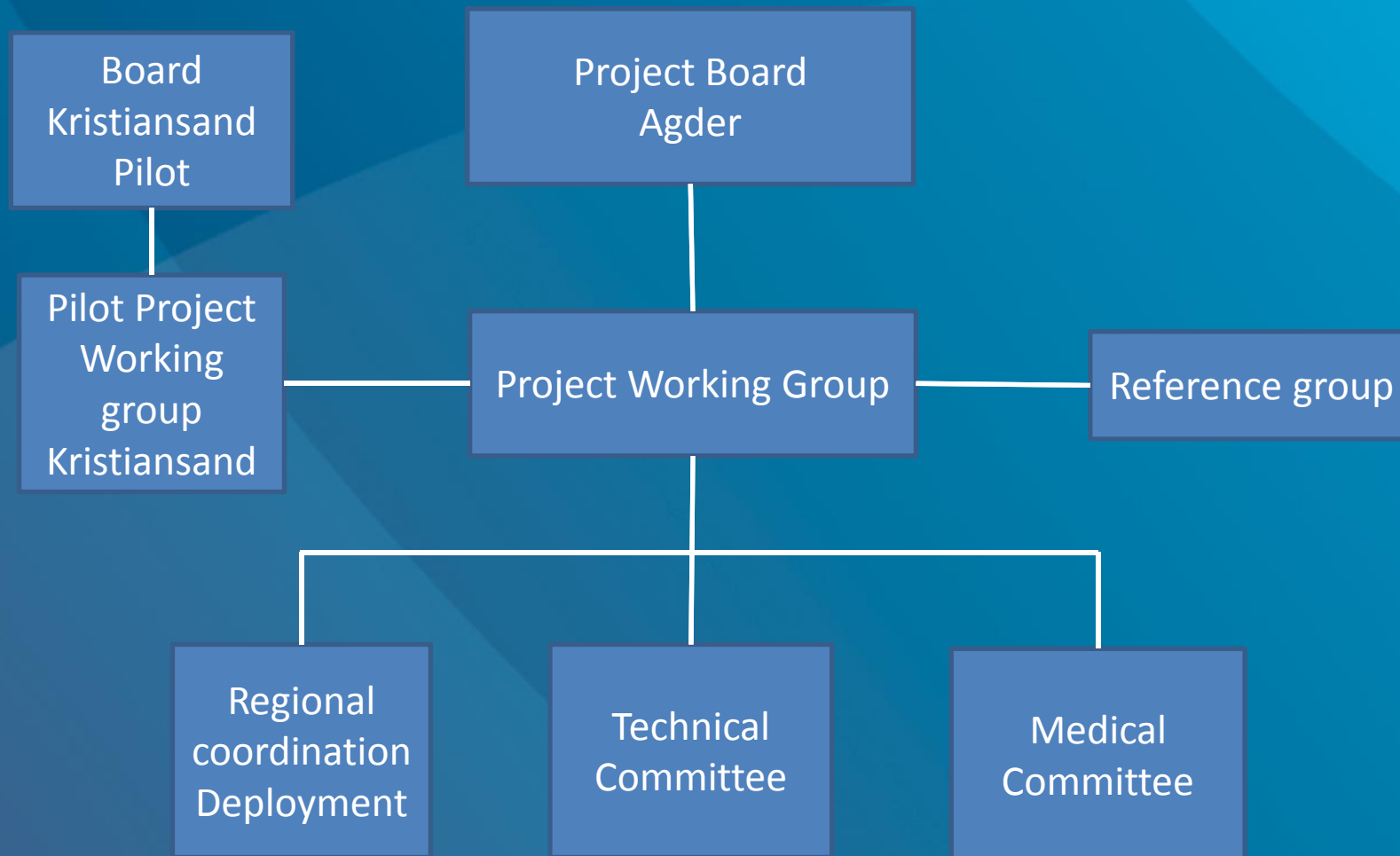


Lessons Learned

- Strategy and Management (SIG 1)
 - Project organisation & user commitment
 - User centric design
- Organization and Change Management (SIG 2)
 - Implementing new services according to existing logistics
 - Organizational aspects in deployment of services
- Legal, Regulatory and Security Issues (SIG 3)
 - Legal aspects of shared access to medical information
 - Security aspects within a National Health Network
- Technical Infrastructure and Market Regulations (SIG 4)
 - Implementing services within a secured National Health Network
- Experiences from test-period with patients
 - Test patient's experiences
 - Scaling up challenges
 - Research plans and Plans for future deployments

Strategy and Management (SIG 1)

Project Organization & User Commitment



Strategy and Management (SIG 1)

User Centric Design



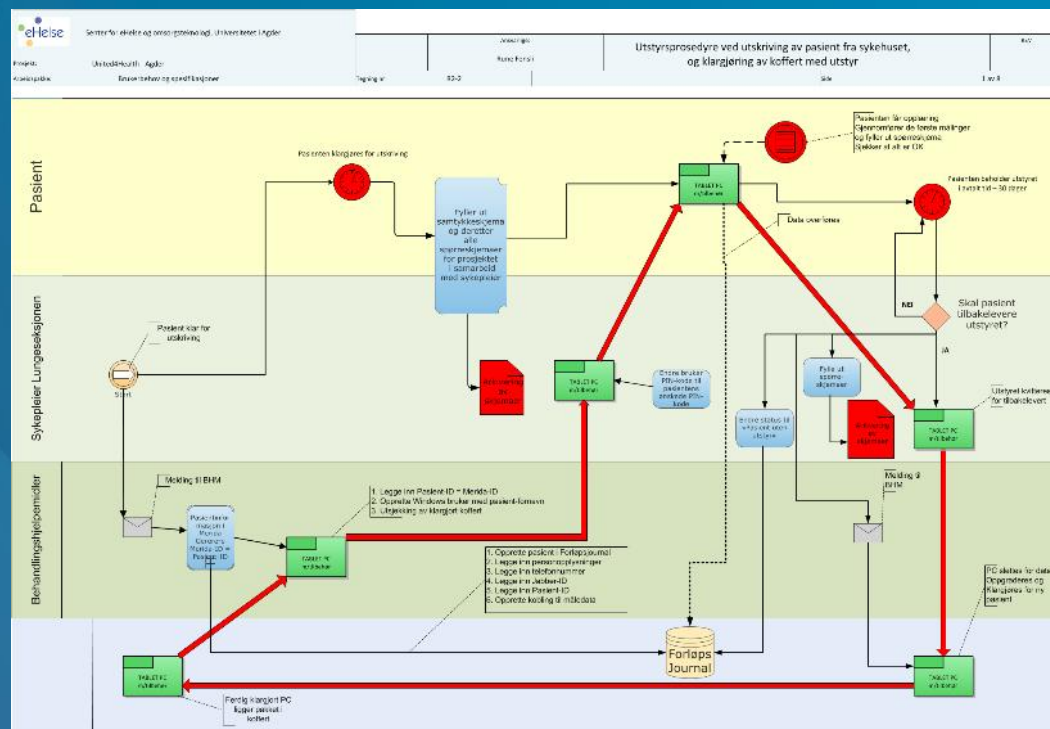
- Involvement of doctors, nurses, technical personnel and representations from COPD patients
- Defining user needs and software specifications
- Actively involved in lab-tests of prototypes



Organization and Change Management (SIG 2)

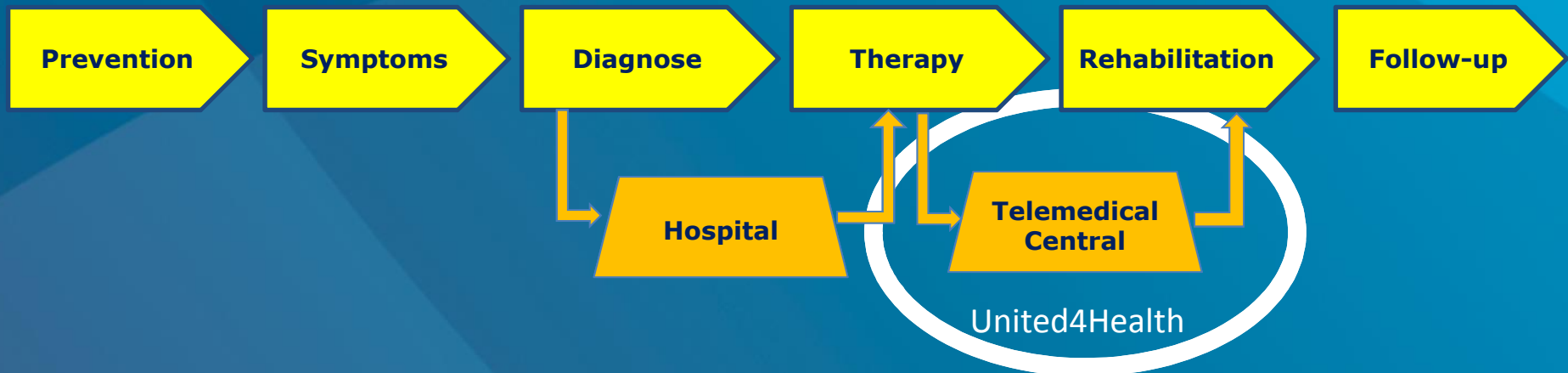
Integrating new services according to existing logistics

- Process diagrams for handling the patient suitcase with all necessary equipment, including configuration



Organization and Change Management (SIG 2)

New Clinical COPD Pathway

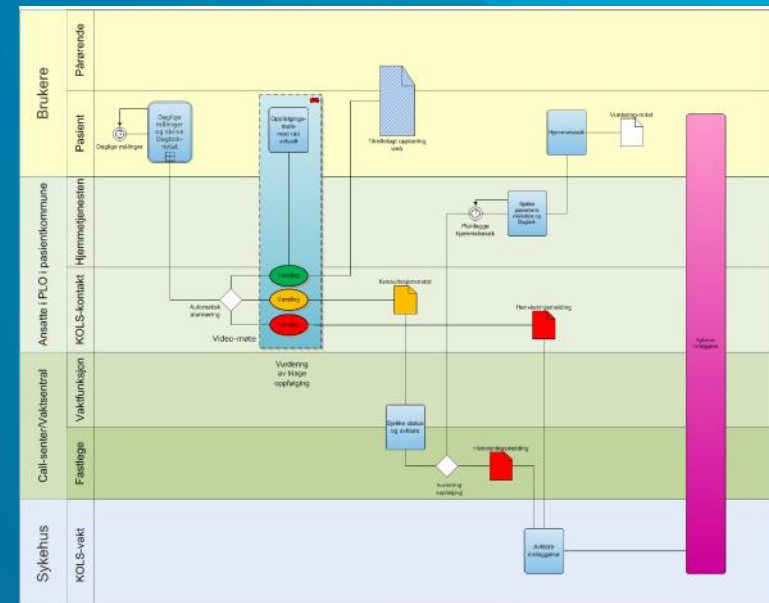


- Clinical interventions at Telemedical Central had to be developed and implemented
- Training of qualified nurses in COPD specialization

Organization and Change Management (SIG 2)

Organizational aspects in deployment of services

- Implementing Triage methods
 - New for municipality health care
- Procedures for daily follow-up
- Involvement of Local Doctor
 - Difficult to achieve commitments
- Regional services at Telemedicine Central
 - Medical responsibility and operating costs to be defined



Procedures at Telemedical Sentral

RED – Doctors evaluation needed

YELLOW – Interventions required

GREEN – as usual (normal day)

Legal, Regulatory and Security Issues (SIG 3)

Legal Aspects



- Today:
 - Shared access to medical information is prohibited
- Project specifications:
 - The developed ICT solution is designed for shared access
 - Important function based in the Norwegian Health Care reform
- Future legal changes:
 - Changes in laws is expected within end on June 2014
 - The developed ICT solution can be deployed as planned

Legal, Regulatory and Security Issues (SIG 3)

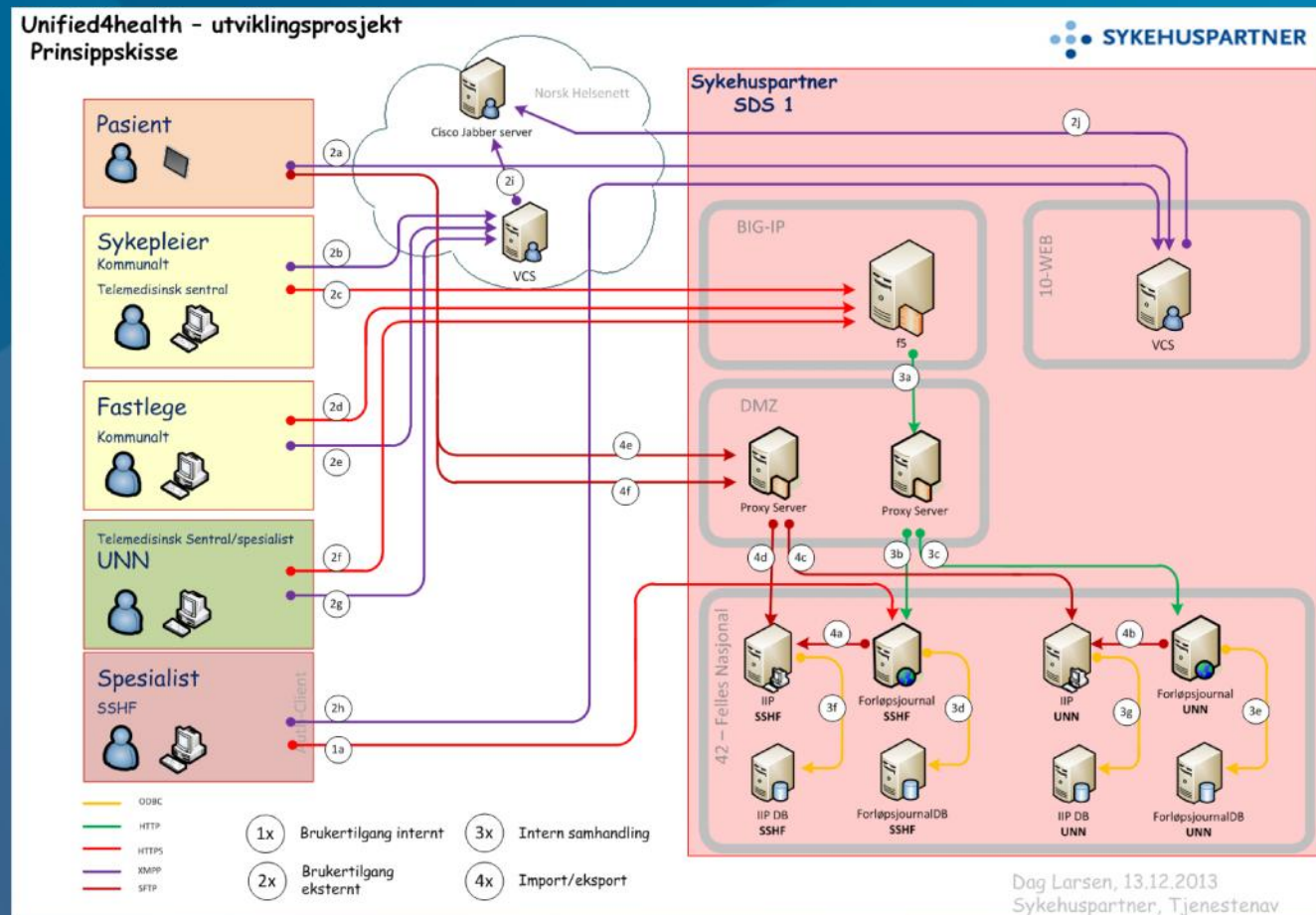
Security Aspects



- Strict requirements for ICT security within the National Health Network
- In-depth Risk analyses carried out
 - Revealed the patient tablet to be at highest risk
 - Dedicated security software needed to prevent un-wanted use
 - Only the medical application allowed
 - No normal Windows functions available to end-user
 - Stored information is encrypted on the tablet
- De-identified information transmitted from the tablet
- Two-factor authentication methods implemented

Technical Infrastructure and Market Regulations (SIG 4)

Implementing Services within a National Health Network



- Sykehuspartner is the IT-department for all hospitals in South-Norway
- All communications and data storage within the secured Norwegian Health Network
- Several stakeholders with different priorities

Technical Infrastructure and Market Regulations (SIG 4)

Risk & Security Analyses and Implemented Routines

- Risk and Security Analyses carried out according to legal requirements for access to the Norwegian Health Network
- Software tested according to Medical Software EU-requirements
- Routines defined for authorization of persons to system access
- Routines for including a new patients at discharge from the hospital
- One-way data transfer from the patient to the Treatment Pathway Health Record, no electronic feedback to the patient
 - Future plans for incorporating the services to the Norwegian Health Portal
- Upon closing down the services, patient data will be stored within existing EHR systems according to established routines
- The hospital is the owner of patients equipment (purchase responsible)

Technical Infrastructure and Market Regulations (SIG 4)

Purchasing of equipment

- Video equipment's has been delivered from the National Health Network – Cisco Jabber
- Software: (Tablet software and Treatment Pathway Health Record)
 - Developed within the project together with partners
- Patient suitcase:
 - PC-Tablet – ordinary purchase based on standard contracts
 - Pulseoxymeter – ordinary purchase as medical device
- No dedicated invitation to tender was necessary

Experiences from test-period with patients

Usability Evaluations and Training of patients

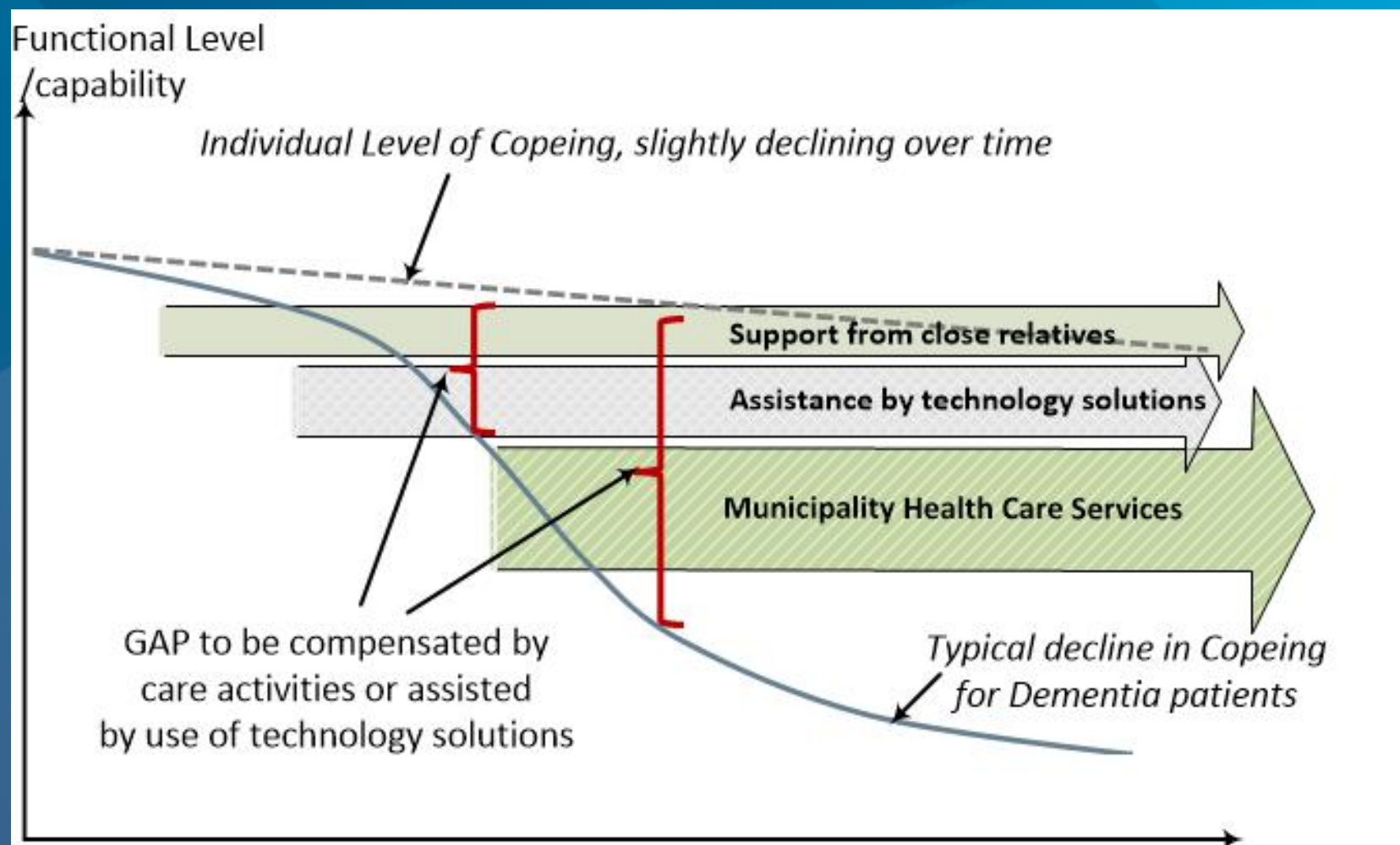
- A positive feedback
- Patients are technical experienced (also elderly patients)
- Video meetings with trained COPD-nurses are valuable
- Can be difficult to “tap” on tablets
- Training is needed to understand and correctly fill in questionnaires
- Technical support at home needed



Putting Patients at focus

- Holistic view and combined actions
- Integration of technology and services
 - Technology aids for disabled people
 - Social alarm services
 - New smart home technologies to be able to live longer at home
 - Telehealth services, point-of-care
 - Support from home health care services
 - Assistance from family members and voluntary services

Gradually decline in functions



Patient empowerment

- Access to health care records – Personal Health Record
- Electronic dialogue with health care services
- Personalized rehabilitation activities
 - Fitness and welfare activities
- Educational materials and disease information
- Virtual meeting places with other patients

Scaling up challenges

- Formalization of contracts between all partners involved
 - Contracts for medical accountability issues and procedures
 - Contracts for data responsibilities including EHR storage
 - Contracts for economic regulations
 - Operating costs for Telemedical central
 - Maintenance for ICT solutions
 - Updating ICT solutions with new functions and integrations
 - Routines for incorporating patients and personalized regimen
 - Routines for escalation of an acute patient situation (Triage)
 - Evaluation and research

Research Plans

MethoTelemed Guidance



- a systematic documentation of the type and extent of telemedicine applications
- a structured framework for assessing the effectiveness and contribution to quality of care

Preceding considerations

- Purpose of the telemedicine application?
- Relevant alternatives?
- International, national, regional or local level of assessment?
- Maturity of the application?

Multidisciplinary assessment

1. Health problem and characteristics of the application
2. Safety
3. Clinical effectiveness
4. Patient perspectives
5. Economic aspects
6. Organisational aspects
7. Socio-cultural, ethical and legal aspects

Plans for Future Deployments

- Establish a unified health network in the region
 - For ad-hoc based shared access to medical information
 - Bring the expertise closer to the patient by telemedicine
- Expanding within the region to all municipalities
- Establishing 3 regional Telemedical centrals
- Expanding to other chronic diseases
- Incorporating Telecare services and social alarm systems
- Integration of the national “Core” health record
- Information integration with existing EHR systems
- Integrating patient’s access to the Norwegian Health Portal
- A challenging business case for health care services

General Project Challenges

- Commitments from all stakeholders
- Involvement of the Local Doctors/General Practitioner
- Implementing technology at scheduled time
- Patients need more teaching in the technical use
- Telemedicine technologies are not of-the-shelf products
- During planning and start-up:
 - Organizational issues 50%, Technical issues 50%
- During implementation and deployment:
 - Organizational issues 40%, Technical issues 60%
- Expected in scaling-up
 - Organizational issues 60%, Technical issues 40%

Future follow-up suggestions

- Today, we store patients self reports in a centralized database
- We need integration with existing EHR systems
- We also need to collect a total health care resource overview
 - Important for evaluation of cost-benefits
 - Important for comparing different treatment interventions
- Suggested action:
- Future chronic care interoperability showcase for development, implementation, deployment and research on quality and outcomes, based on HL7 FHIR profiles for point-of-care services

EIP-AHA B3 Partner

The South Norway connected Health Initiatives

- The Triple Helix Concept
 - **University of Agder, Centre for eHealth**
 - source of new knowledge and technology, focusing on eHealth research
 - **Sørlandet Hospital and 30 municipalities in Agder**
 - source of contractual relations in a knowledge-based society
 - **DIGIN, the ICT cluster in Southern Norway**
 - the locus of production

