

Teleictus Network and the Programme for Prevention and Care of Chronic Patients (PPACP) in Catalonia.

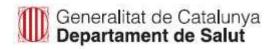
Joan Escarrabill MD

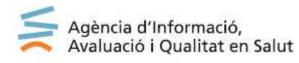
Evaluation Area CAHIAQ

Master Plan for Respiratory Diseases (PDMAR)

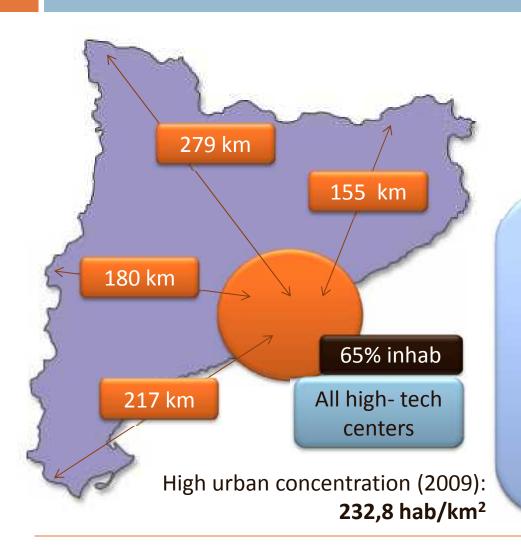
jescarrabill@gencat.cat

Lulea, 20th June 2012





Catalonia





Area: 32.107 km²

Population (2011): **7.539.000**

Life expectancy (2011): 80,55 years

Birth rate (2010): **1,47**

Gross Mortality rate (2010): 7,92

Infant mortality (2010): **2,63**

GDP/Capita (2009): 28.046€

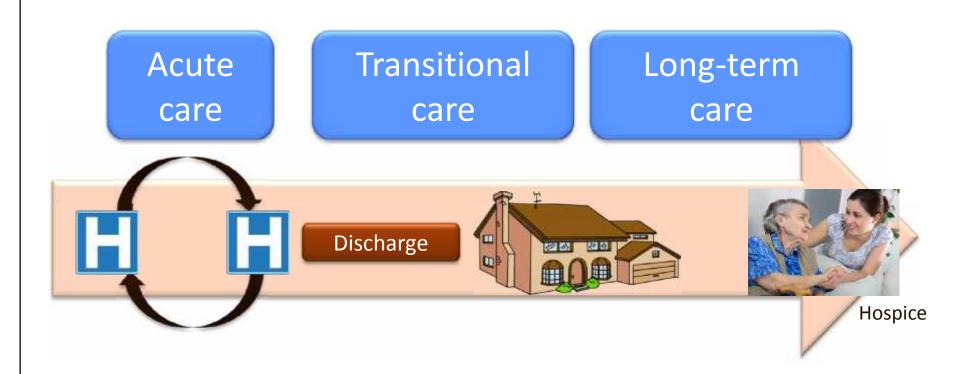
Health system: Universal coverage

financed through taxes



"Ciencia y Caridad" Pablo Picasso (1897)

From acute to long-term care

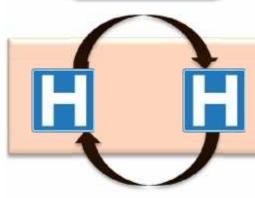


From acute to long-term care

Acute care

Transitional care

Long-term care



Tele-stroke

Few patients High tech High impact

Agència d'Informació, Avaluació i Qualitat en Salut (AIAQS)

TeleStroke Network: Context



Stroke =

A rapid loss of brain functions due to disturbance in the blood supply to the brain. It can be ischemic or hemorrhagic



- 15.070 people were diagnosed with Ictus (7% more than the previous year).
- 1st cause of death in women and 3rd in men
- 1st cause of disability in adults.
- 76% older than 65 years

TeleStroke Network: Problems

Context



Urgent attention of neurologists is needed in the early hours to avoid the side effects of the disease (the maximum time to administer a thrombotic therapy is 3 hours) 2



Not all the Catalan hospitals have neurology services available 24/7. This centers must send patients to referral hospitals to receive appropriate treatment.

3



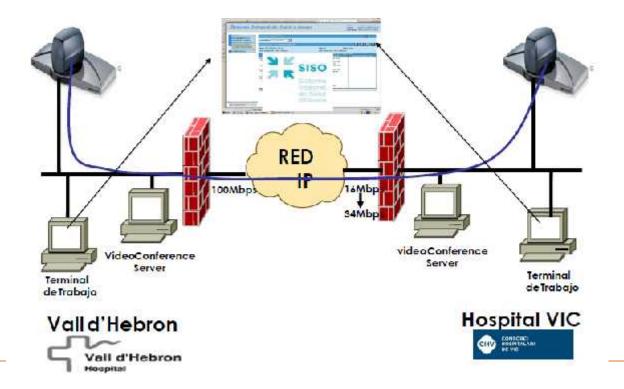
The average time required to send and take care of the patient between two hospitals is 1,5 hours.

In many cases the delay is too large to implement an effective treatment for the patient and the consequences are irreversible.

TeleStroke Network



The **technical solution** is designed and adapted according to the **neurologists requirements**. It is based on a **high-quality videoconferencing system** installed in an emergency box of the regional hospital and a **remote consultation system of digital images** (PACS DICOM) to view the TAC that the patient from the regional hospital.



TeleStroke Network: A successfull case

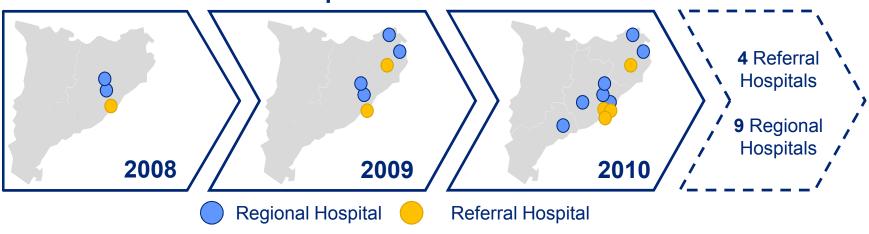
During **2009**, **49 patients** were treated through the TeleStroke system (**7,7%** of patients).

Thanks to the development of the TeleStroke Network, during the **last year**, **250 patients** could benefit from this type of telemedicine.

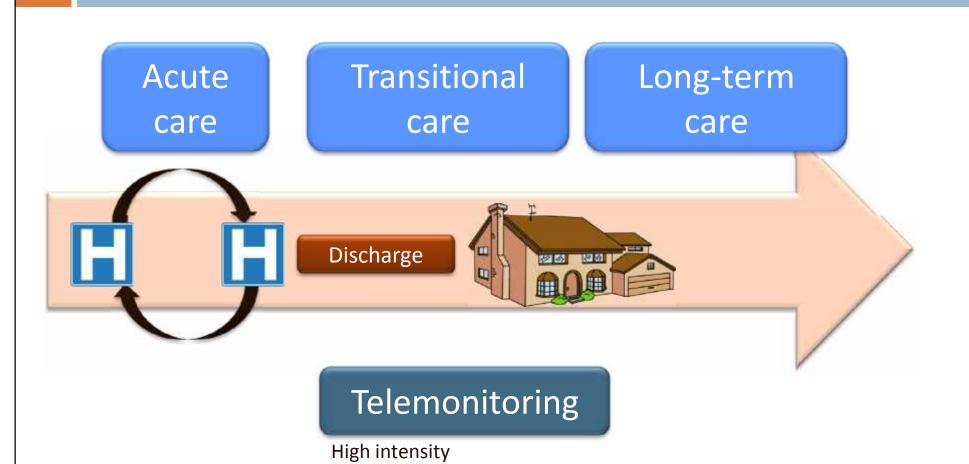




Evolution of hospitals with TeleStroke in Catalonia



From acute to long-term care



Agència d'Informació, Avaluació i Qualitat en Salut (AIAQS)

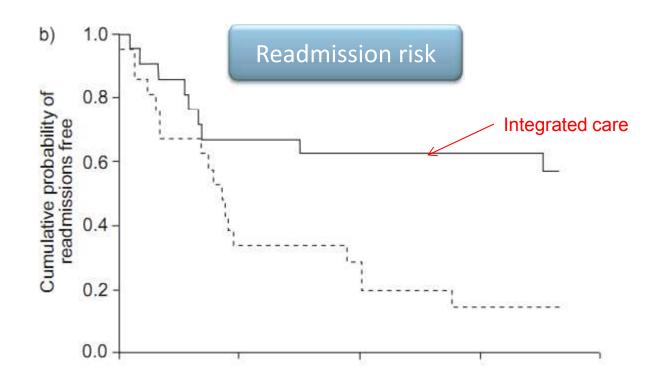
A lot of candidates

Impact on resources

Integrated care prevents hospitalisations for exacerbations in COPD patients

A. Casas*, T. Troosters*, J. Garcla-Aymerich*, J. Roca*, C. Hernandez*, A. Alonso*, F. del Pozo*, P. de Toledo*, J.M. Antó*, R. Rodríguez-Roisin*, M. Decramer and members of the CHRONIC Project

Eur Respir J 2006; 28: 123–130

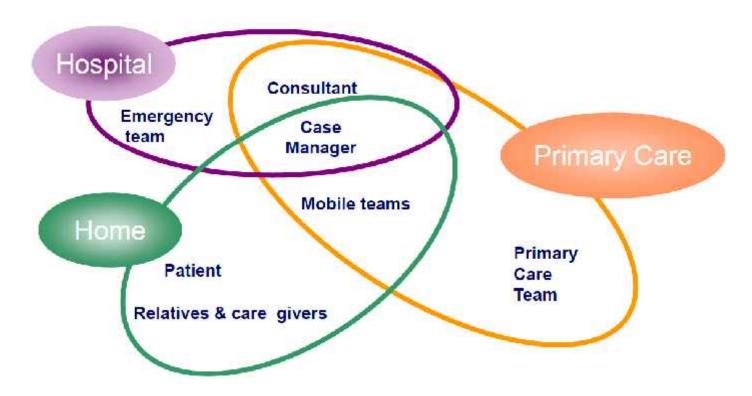






Adaptation of health services to chronic patients

shared care arrangements across the system



Renewing Health

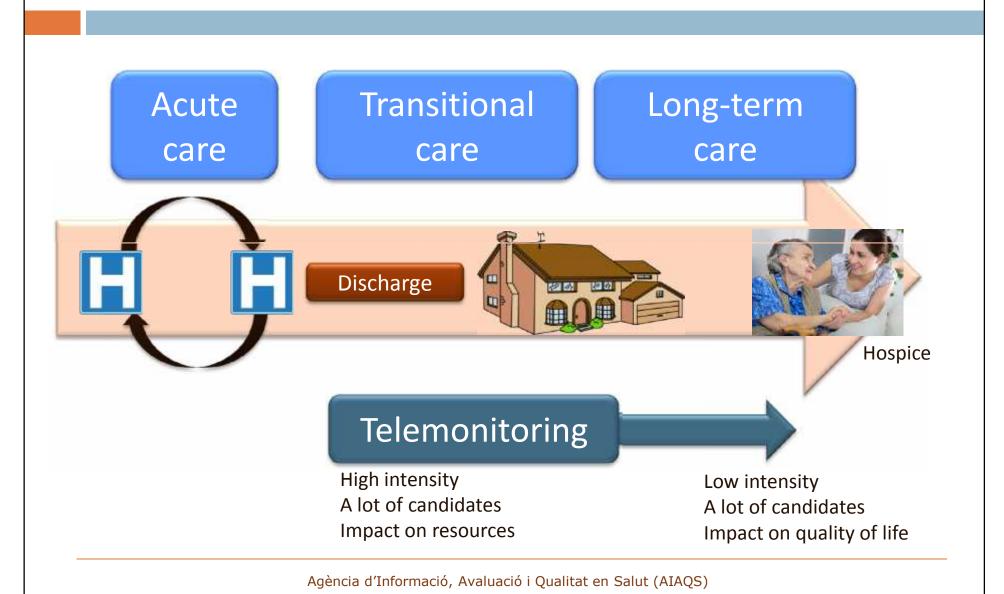


Innovative telemedicine services using a patient-centred approach



Transitional care
Discharge planning
Reduce readmissions

From acute to long-term care



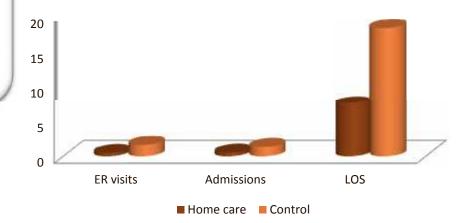
Long-term follow up by specialists in LTOT

Impact of a Hospital-Based Home-Care Program on the Management of COPD Patients Receiving Long-term Oxygen Therapy*

Eca Forrero, MD; Joan Escarrabill, MD, FCCP; Enric Prats, MD; Marian Maderal, NU: and Federic Manyesa, MD

Chest 2001; 119:364–369

Changes related to home care



Positive inpact of nurse/respiratory therapist + telephone + home visit

Evaluation of a telemedicine system for heart failure patients: Feasibility, acceptance rate, satisfaction and changes in patient behavior Results from the CARME (CAtalan Remote Management Evaluation) study

Mar Domingo^{a,b,c}, Josep Lupón^{a,d,*}, Beatriz González^a, Eva Crespo^a, Raúl López^a, Anna Ramos^a, Agustín Urrutia^{a,d}, Guillem Pera^a, José M^a. Verdú^{d,e}, and Antoni Bayes-Genis^{a,d}

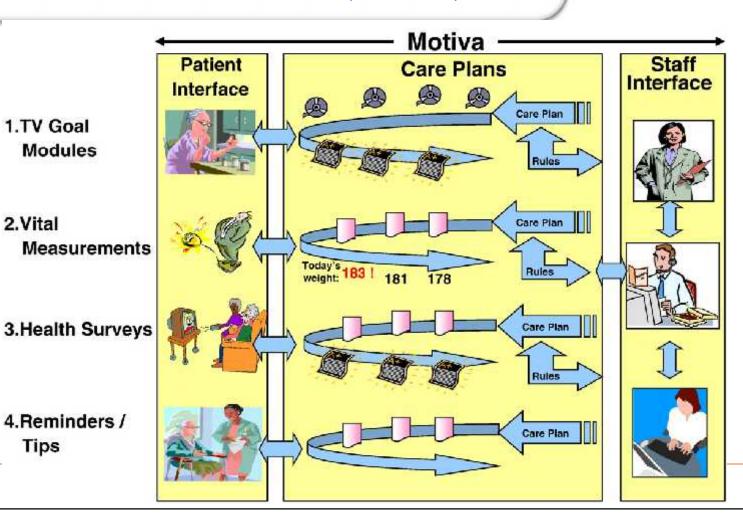
1.TV Goal

2.Vital

Tips

Modules

Eur J Cardiovasc Nurs. 2011 Mar 12. [Epub ahead of print]



Evaluation of a telemedicine system for heart failure patients: Feasibility, acceptance rate, satisfaction and changes in patient behavior Results from the CARME (CAtalan Remote Management Evaluation) study

Mar Domingo^{a,b,c}, Josep Lupón^{a,d,*}, Beatriz González^a, Eva Crespo^a, Raúl López^a, Anna Ramos^a, Agustín Urrutia^{a,d}, Guillem Pera^a, José M^a. Verdú^{d,e}, and Antoni Bayes-Genis^{a,d}

Eur J Cardiovasc Nurs. 2011 Mar 12. [Epub ahead of print]



Health education



Surveys



Feedback



Messages

Dear Cit.
How are you do so or your goal to eat less cah? You may want to review your 'Natrition for Diabetes' video, Remember thow important it is for you to control your blood a ressure since of your how to be control.







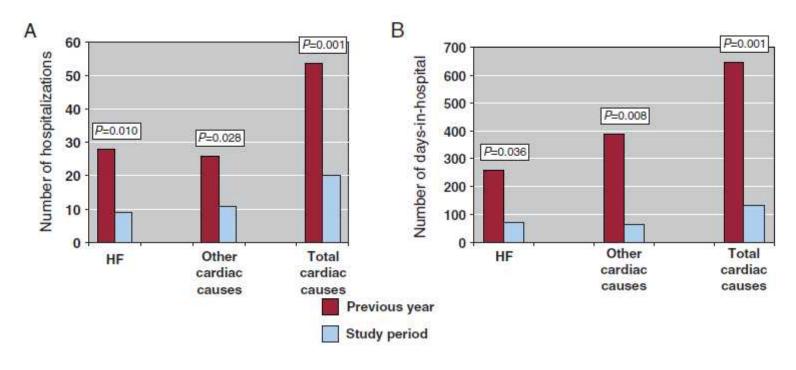
Noninvasive Remote Telemonitoring for Ambulatory Patients With Heart Failure: Effect on Number of Hospitalizations, Days in Hospital, and Quality of Life. CARME (CAtalan Remote Management Evaluation) Study

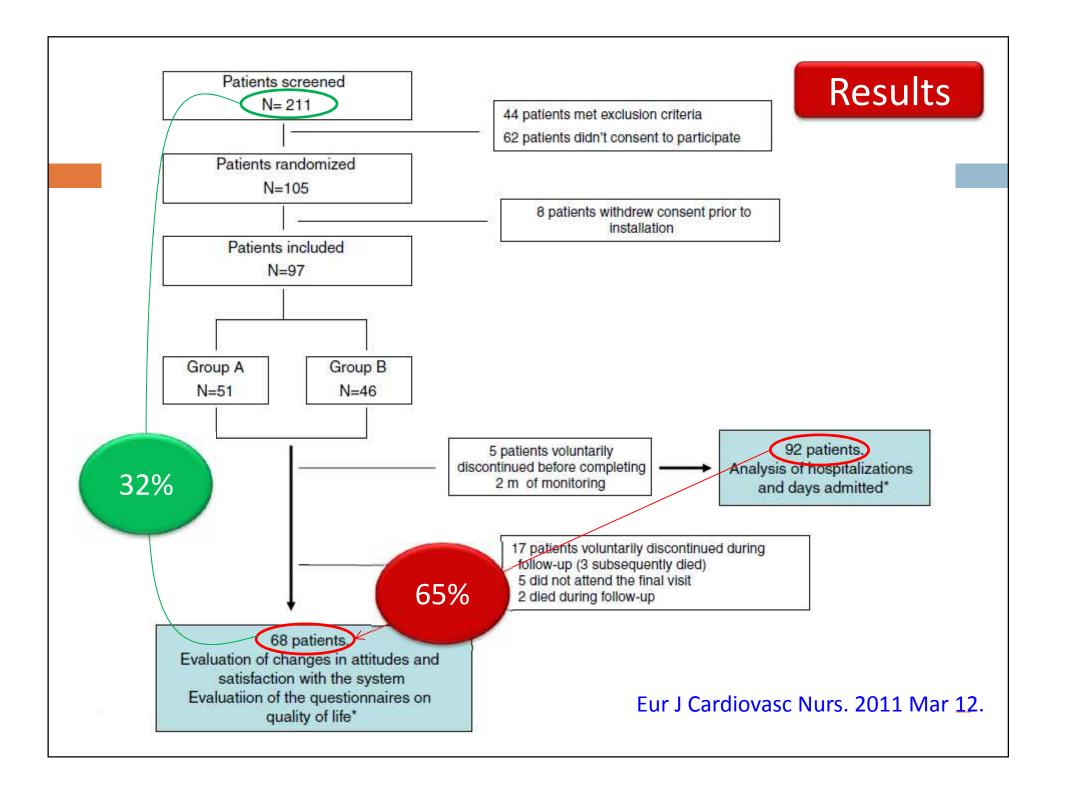
Mar Domingo, ^{a,b,c} Josep Lupón, ^{a,d,e} Beatriz Gonz<mark>ález, ^a Eva Crespo, ^a Raúl López, ^a Anna Ramos, ^a Agustín Urrutia, ^{a,d} Guillem Pera, ^c José M. Verdú, ^{d,e} and Antoni Bayes-Genis^{a,d}</mark>

Rev Esp Cardiol. 2011;64:277-85

Admissions

Days in hospital





Telemonitoring: Lights and shadows



Serve more patients

Save time

Contacts increases

Limitations

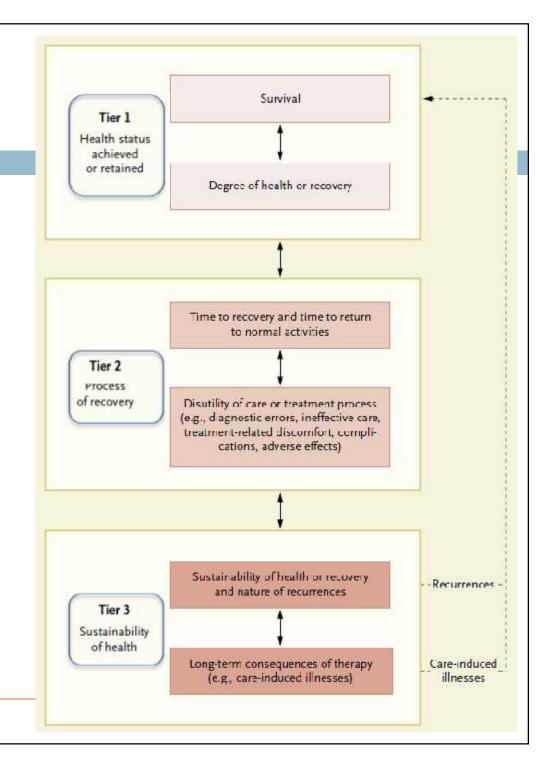
Not for all patients

Not in all circumstances

Evaluation

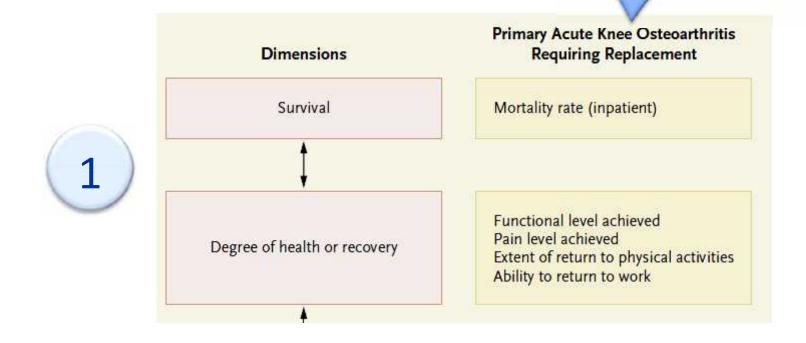
The Outcome Measures Hierarchy



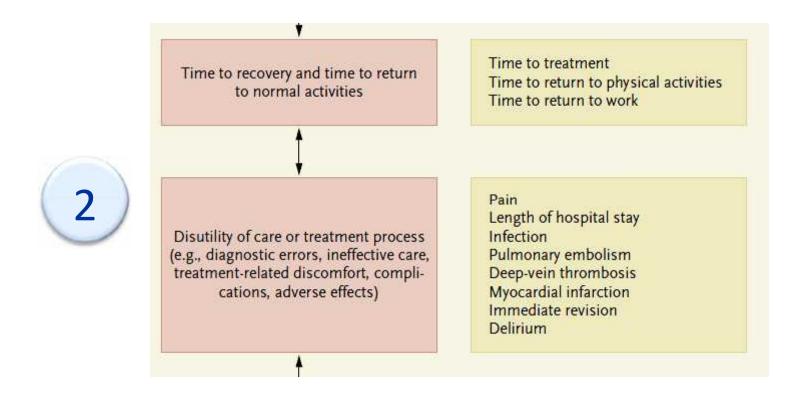


The Outcome Measures Hierarchy

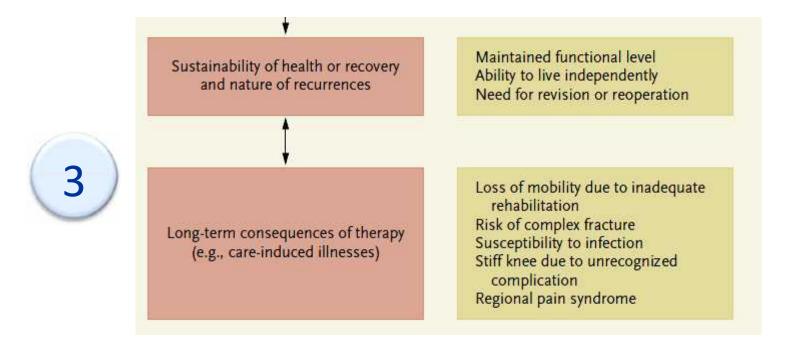
Imagine that the exemple is COPD

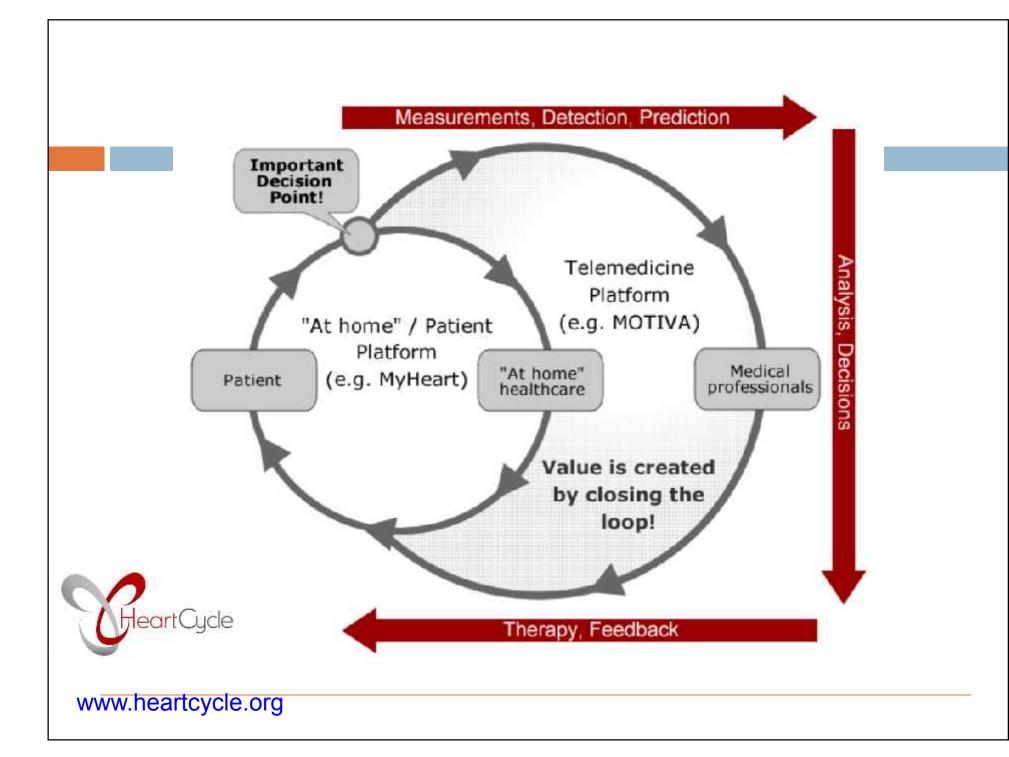


The Outcome Measures Hierarchy



The Outcome Measures Hierarchy







REVIEW

TELEMONITORING IN PATIENTS WITH CHRONIC RESPIRATORY DISEASES: LIGHTS AND SHADOWS

Joan Escarrabill

ERS Buyer's Guide (in press)

TABLE 1. Services related to telemonitoring

Ability to share health data between professionals

Call centre that coordinates the connection between the patient and different health professionals

Direct patient access to health professionals (according a specific protocol)

E-mail

Telephone access

Ability to telemonitor vital signs (lung function, pulse oximetry, blood pressure or blood glucose, etc.)

Possibility of virtual teleconsultation

Access to educational tools for the patient

Facility for the patient to have the ability to access to their care plan (medication, settings of the medical devices available at home, etc.)

Mechanisms to generate alerts or reminders

Twenty years of telemedicine in chronic disease management – an evidence synthesis

Richard Wootton

Norwegian Centre for Integrated Care and Telemedicine, Tromso, Norway

Journal of Telemedicine and Telecare 2012; 18: 211–220

Conclusion

The evidence base for the value of telemedicine in managing chronic diseases is on the whole weak and contradictory.

Home mechanical ventilation

National registries are needed to reduce variations in care and improve patient safety

Matt P Wise consultant in adult critical care¹, Nicholas Hart chairman², Craig Davidson clinical lead for home mechanical ventilation³, Rik Fox clinical lead for home mechanical ventilation⁴, Martin Allen clinical lead for home mechanical ventilation⁵, Mark Elliott clinical lead for home mechanical ventilation⁶, Bob Winter president⁷, Mike Morgan chairman⁸, Helena Shovelton chief executive⁹, Robert Meadowcroft chief executive¹⁰, Jane Campbell independent cross-bench peer¹¹, Ilora Finlay president¹²

BMJ 2011;342:d1687

Appropriate package of care for individual patients at a local level

Thank you very much for your attention!!!



Casa Batlló. (Antoni Gaudí, 1906)